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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/008,856

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Hiroshi Suetsugu

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EXAMINER

KOVALICK, VINCENT E

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2673

DATE MAILED: 12/05/2003

3

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/008,856

Applicant(s)

SUETSUGU ET AL.

Examiner

Vincent E Kovalick

Art Unit

2673

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

## Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 8 November 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1 and 3-8 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 2 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.

## Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

### DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to Applicant's Patent Application, Serial No. 10/008,856, with a File Date of November 8, 2001.

#### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103*

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Admitted Prior Art (herein APA) taken with Yamazaki (USP 6,317,122).

Relative to claim 1, the Admitted Prior Art **teaches** a plasma display module comprising a plasma display panel; driving circuits which drive said plasma display panel; and a power circuit into which an external alternating current is inputted from outward, said power circuit supplying driving voltages to said driving circuits; and a control voltage for controlling operation of an interface board, and operations of said power circuit being controlled with control signals output by said interface boards (Application disclosure, page 1, lines 11-17 and Prior Art Fig. 1).

Prior Art **does not teach** an external source voltage to be used by an external power circuit wherein the source voltages of said interface board are supplied from said external power circuit.

APA **teaches** a plasma display module comprising a power circuit, receiving an external AC input, said circuit for driving a plasma display module, said module including a interface board for system control and signal distribution.

Yamazaki **teaches** a power circuit for a display device (col. 1, lines 18-67; col. 2 lines 1-47 and Fig. 1); Yamazaki further **teaches** an external source voltage (Vcc) to be used by a external power circuit wherein the source voltages of said interface board are supplied from said external power circuit (col. 4, lines 66-67 and col. 5, lines 1-3 and Fig. 1).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide to the device as taught by the APA in order to provide a power circuit to which input power source is applied and which supplies first to Nth potentials for driving a display element (Yamazaki, col. 6, lines 9-12).

4. Claims 3-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over APA taken with Yamazaki as applied to claim 1 in item 3 hereinabove, and further in view of Okada et al. (USP 5,568,933).

Relative to claims 3-8, APA taken with Yamazaki **does not teach** said power circuits that:

a) starts up a lowest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages earlier than a highest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages; b) shuts down a highest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages earlier than a lowest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages; or c) starts-up a lowest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages earlier than a highest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages and shuts down said highest-value voltage earlier than said lowest-value voltage.

APA taken with Yamazaki teaches a plasma display module comprising a power circuit, receiving an AC input, said circuit for driving a plasma display module, said module including an interface board for system control and signal distribution, and an external power for receiving an input from the system power circuit and generating a multiple voltage input signal to the said interface board.

Art Unit: 2673

Okada et al. **teaches** a driving circuit for a display apparatus (col. 2, lines 46-67; col. 3, lines 12-67 and col. 4, lines 1-24); Okada et al. further **teaches** the means to regulate said power circuits that a) starts up a lowest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages earlier than a highest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages; b) shuts down a highest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages earlier than a lowest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages; and c) starts-up a lowest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages earlier than a highest-value voltage of said plurality of voltages and shuts down said highest-value voltage earlier than said lowest-value voltage (col. 1, lines 9-17; col. 17, lines 37-41 and col. 18, lines 51-67 and col. 19, lines 1-3).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to supply to the devices as taught by APA taken with Yamazaki the feature as taught by Okada et al. in order to provide the means to sequence the voltages and related timing signals that drive the system display through the various states of start-up, display image, shut-down etc. and further control the desired image contrast (col. 4, lines 14-24, Okada et al.)

***Allowable Subject Matter***

5. Claim 2 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Regarding claim 2 the major difference between the teachings or the prior art of record (Yamazaki, USP 6,317,122 and Okada et al., USP 5,686,933, ) and that of the said prior art is that said prior art **does not teach** said plasma display module wherein control signals output by said interface board contain first and second control signals, and said power circuit outputs said

Art Unit: 2673

control voltage to said interface board when an external alternating current is inputted to said power circuit, outputs said external power voltage to said external power circuit when said first control signal is inputted to said power circuit, and outputs said driving voltages to said driving circuits when said second control signal is inputted to said power circuit.

***Conclusion***

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

U. S. Patent No.	6,448,947	Nagai
U. S. Patent No.	6,124,840	Kwon
U. S. Patent No.	6,040,827	Shiina et al.
U. S. Patent No.	4,027,195	Shutoh et al.

***Responses***

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vincent E Kovalick whose telephone number is 703 306-3020. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 7:30- 4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala can be reached on 703 305-4938. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 306-0377.



Vincent E. Kovalick  
11/29/03



BIPIN SHALWALA  
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